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Anderson's  
Jaundice

Sclerosis or Jaundice

Sclerosis or Jaundice

by

Thomas Bates Anderson  
of Virginia.

This is a treatise on the nature and treatment of Sclerosis or Jaundice, a disease which is not generally understood. The author has been enabled to collect a large number of cases, and to observe the progress of the disease, and to determine its nature and treatment. The work is intended for the use of the medical profession, and for the information of the public.

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An Essay  
ON  
Icterus or Jaundice

by

Thomas Bates Anderson  
of Virginia,

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"Nam" in administrandis remediis memora semper bene oportet, non  
nominis morbi solum, neque sane generalis quæ natura, rationem  
esse habendam, sed multas vel minutissimas sæpe res esse respiciendas,  
tum quæ ad morbi originem et causas, et indiciorum variationem  
et conjunctionem, tum quæ ad ægri statum, et vires, et præterea  
fortasse corporis constitutionem, allinent. *Georg. Astruc. Med. Pract.*

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Philadelphia. April 7. 1811.

Mr. Gray

1871

Charles A. Chandler

by

Thomas Bates Chandler  
of Vermont

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Windsor, N.H. 1871

As I conceive it to be of more importance, to correct the errors, and to arrange, in order and regularity, the various Facts, which are already known in medicine; than to be labouring, and building theory on Theories: I shall in as plain and perspicuous a manner as I am able, make a few observations, on Jaundice, together with its History, Symptoms, and method of cure.

This as well as many other diseases, has had and still remains to have, its Specifics, in the hands of Quacks, many have been undeceived, who have discovered, that many patients, recover who had taken, other medicines, or none at all, in as short a space of time, as those, who had taken the much admired Infalible.

But as long as Credulity is so prominent in the human mind, especially of those who are tormented by disease; and as long as there are men who at the risk of the lives of those unfortunate beings, will hold out Prestorations and Grand Elixirs of Health, so long will the progress, of the science of medicine be retarded, and thousands fall victims to their  
ignorance



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Ignorance and Credulity.

I will not pretend to say that quack medicines have "never done any good," for I believe there have been cases, in which the regular medical practitioner has used all the remedies, which Reason, experience or the best of theories, may have taught him to prescribe; yet all have availed nothing, and by the assistance of a quack medicine the patient has been restored to health in a short time. But still these cases have been few, when compared to the number in which either no good or death has been the consequence.

In many of those cases in which the patient has recovered, we cannot say correctly, to what credit they are entitled; who knows, but a favourable Crisis had taken place, or that the patient would have recovered, had nothing been administered.

Certain it is that, he who prescribes the ~~some~~ medicine, whatever be the disease, or rather, whatever be the state of the System, must, in many instances err, and in none often, than in the one I am about to treat of.

These are facts which appear to be well

*[The page contains approximately 25 lines of extremely faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side. The text is too light to transcribe accurately.]*

well known to every one, yet how few seem to be  
the exertions made to overthrow this growing evil,  
true it is that delicacy is to be admired, in all,  
but when we see the injuries which every day, accrue  
from too much delicacy on this subject, why will  
not the lovers of the health and lives of mankind,  
unite in our common cause, the Abolishment of Emphysema.

"To get rid of poisonous weeds we should endeavor  
to destroy their seeds" To get rid of this we should  
strike at its foundations, and since our Country  
is yet in its infancy, may we not hope, that she  
may be freed from the evil. But I am sorry to  
say that this evil, has kept a pace with her increase.  
"It grows with her growth and strengthens with her  
strength"

Simplicity in medicine is to be admired as  
well as in religion. It may be said by some that  
the more mysterious we be in our actions and  
prescriptions, the better, by this means we have  
one of the greatest assistants, the Confidence or  
rather the Faith, of our patients. I know the  
power of the mind over the body, which should  
never be lost sight of, by a Physician, and  
that



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that it is owing to this in great measure, that quacks  
have such success, But I will ask, Would it not  
be better, for our patients to have full confidence  
in our prescriptions, brought on by Reason, than  
by vain pretensions, certainly it appears to be more  
concordant to Polished and Civilized life, And instead  
of being thought to have communications with  
as some of the ignorant have supposed. Let them  
rather think, we obtained relief from him who  
instructs us.

I shall now attend to the Subject of my  
essay - Icterus. or Jaundice -

It is defined to be a Yellowness of the Skin, and  
whites of the eyes, the face of a white clay colour,  
the urine obscurely red, tinging Linen of a yellow  
V colour: These symptoms are the most prominent  
but when it arises from gallstones, as shall hereafter  
be mentioned, Pain about the pit of the Stomach,  
Nausea, Vomiting, Costiveness &c.

Jaundice arises from a stoppage of the Ductus  
Cholodochus which prevents the excretion of Bile  
or 2. from too great a secretion of it, In either  
case it is taken into the general System, in the

that it is a very common mistake to suppose that the  
human mind is a tabula rasa, or a blank slate, at birth.  
It is rather the case that the mind is a very complex  
organ, which is shaped by the environment, and by the  
experiences of the individual. The mind is not a passive  
receptacle, but an active organ, which is constantly  
receiving and processing information from the world.  
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receptacle, but an active organ, which is constantly  
receiving and processing information from the world.

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first instance, it has been supposed by regurgitation  
and in the second by absorption, in most cases, I am  
of opinion that it is taken in by absorption, although  
I do not deny that it is ~~ever~~ taken in by Regurgitation,  
it certainly is, when <sup>taken in by absorption</sup> Jaundice is induced by  
too great a secretion.

Obstructions of the Ducts are caused either by  
1<sup>st</sup> Inflammation, 2<sup>nd</sup> Gall Stones, 3<sup>rd</sup> Spasms, or  
4<sup>th</sup> Compression.

1<sup>st</sup> Jaundice sometimes occurs in Hepatitis, in  
which case inflammation extends across the gall duct  
and causes a suppression, perhaps by a thickening of  
the coats of the duct, whether coagulating Lymph  
is ever thrown into the duct in such manner as  
to cause adhesion I cannot say but think it possible.

2<sup>nd</sup> Gall Stones (or as Dr. Kecke thinks more  
properly Biliary Concretions) are lodged either in the  
Gall Bladder or the Ducts. And when they are  
the cause of Jaundice, the pains are, acute,  
Lancinating about the Liver, and often in the  
right shoulder, the patient often complains of  
a pain at the pit of the Stomach. The patient  
being easy for a short time, and the pains again  
returning

+ an itching of the skin often attends.

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returning with great Violence, The Stomach being  
after so much affected in these fits that Nausea &  
Vomiting are induced

During the time that the Calculus is passing  
from the Gall bladder through the duct the pain  
is much more excruciating. Colic of the Feet  
and Back, a cold sweat sometimes attends, whenever  
the Stone may lodge then the pain is felt most  
severe, this is generally about the entrance of the  
Duct into the Duodenum, the pain is circumscribed,  
The patient can scarcely be still in any position,  
leaning forwards seems generally to give most relief,  
during this time the Bowels are constipated, When  
the feces are evacuated they are of a light clay colour  
owing to the Bile being prevented from entering the  
caecum.

By Regurgitation, or as I believe Absorption,  
almost the whole body becomes of a yellow colour,  
the Skin, the Whites of the eyes, The Urine tinges  
white Substances of a yellow colour

after the Violent Symptoms above enumerated  
have existed some time, they entirely cease, either  
from the passage of the Gall Stone into the



Duodenum, or as has been supposed sometimes to happen, getting back into the Gall bladder.

The patient now relieved, supposes himself quite well, but to his great disappointment, in the course of a week, more or less, he is again attacked with the same violent symptoms. Coming on with a sense of lassitude, loss of appetite, flatulency, together with acid eructations, costiveness, and after a while yellowness of the Eyes and skin, high coloured urine, a bitter taste, Nausea & Vomiting, obtuse pain in the right Hypochondrium &c. more or less attended, Fever is sometimes brought on.

3.<sup>rd</sup> Spasms, the symptoms from Spasms are nearly the same as those above enumerated at any rate it is almost impossible to discriminate for these reasons, I shall treat of the method of cure under the same head.

4.<sup>th</sup> Compression, under this head comes Tumors, enlargement of the Liver, Pancreas, Mesentery &c. To which may be added Pregnancy, these by pressure on the Duodenum & Bile ducts, prevent the <sup>free</sup> passage of the Bile into the Duodenum, we may generally know when it originates from



from the above mentioned causes, either by previous disease existing in some one of those viscera, or by feeling we may readily discover, if there be a preternatural enlargement of any of them.

From the enlargement and consequent rising up of the uterus in pregnancy, pressure is sometimes made on those parts, and Jaundice the consequence, especially if the female has never before been pregnant or borne a child. This occurs sometimes in the first, but often during the latter months of pregnancy.

5.<sup>th</sup> The Jaundice which attacks very young children treated of by authors under the name of *Icterus infantum* or Yellow Gum. This is caused by a stoppage of the Biliary duct, either by retained Meconium, or viscid matter of some kind, and fortunate, less frequently, by Imperforation of the duct at its junction with the duodenum.

It generally comes on with, great lassitude or inactivity, a yellow skin, and Bilious Urine, Sleepings, which often proves fatal, unless the obstruction be removed in a short time.

A kind of Jaundice, sometimes arises



from Wounds & fractures of the Cranium also  
from the bites of some poisonous animals, there are  
some other causes, but they are rare, and I shall  
pass by them, with only observing, that, we should  
in these cases only regard it as a Symptom;  
the cause being removed, the disorder disappears.

Having described as accurately as I am  
able the Causes and Symptoms of Jaundice,  
I shall after making a few observations, go on  
to treat of the method of cure adapted to each.

Of the causes and formation of Gall Stones  
Few people are affected with Jaundice who have  
lived temperately and taken sufficient exercise,  
unless in very warm climates, where disorders of  
the Liver appear to be almost inevitable; and  
even there those who live temperately and pay  
strict attention to exercise, are less frequently  
and more slightly affected, with those disorders.

Man was made to be active and temperate  
if he neglects exercise, and indulges in Intemperance,  
Disease is kindly sent to give him timely warning.  
Is not this a blessing in disguise?

In warm climates the Liver is often so much  
disordered



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disordered, as to be almost insensible to Stimuli especially, such a one as the Bile. Its functions are so much impeded by its Torpor, that the bile is with difficulty carried to the duodenum. In cases of this kind, I believe with Dr. Darwin, that the absorbents act, which take away the more fluid parts. The morbid by long stagnations, forming Gall stones, or as Dr. Leake thinks, more properly call'd, Biliary concretions. For says he there is no nucleus.

If this Theory be correct, which carries great probability with it, we may easily account for the formation of Biliary concretions, in Hard drinkers, in the Sordidary and those who labour under great distress of mind,

As the inordinate use of ardent Spirits has become so common of late in all parts of the United States, I might spend a few moments, in considering its effects on the body and mind. Had not the subject been so ably handled already, by one\* who deserves well of his Country and mankind.

I shall therefore only speak of it as respects my present subject, from which I am afraid I

\* Bush's med. enquir. and observations.

have

\* The secretions of Bile is always at first increased.

stray, too far already;

✓ Ardent Spirits increases the vital actions\* and for a while expels care from the mind, and the more we are accustomed to take the greater the necessity. according to one of the laws of Sensation, "Impressions require to be increased after habit has rendered them inactive in order for Sensation to be produced."

This being carried to such an extent, as to exhaust the excitability not only of the Liver, but of the whole system. Now the secretion <sup>and excretion</sup> of Bile which for a long time had been kept up, more by the Stimulus of ardent Spirits, than the natural Stimulus of Bile, ~~now~~ stops, and this is much the sooner, if the use of ardent spirits be abruptly stopp'd.

✓ The absorbents act in the same manner as above mentioned and Bilious excretions are formed Jaundice with all its symptoms follow, and from such causes as this, Death often ends the scene. I do not by this, wish to be understood that Jaundice is always the consequence, of the immoderate use of Spirits, but that it very often is, must be well known to every one.

I deem it useless to say any thing of  
sh

\* Dr. Darwin says he has seen 6 cases of Jaundice from  
gout attacking the Liver.

I wish that I could state certainly that calculi  
are formed in the Liver from Gout. W.B.A.

formation of Bilious Concretions in the Sedentary and Astringent of mind, by this time it must be very evident to every one.

Lastly, The Gout. this disease, is not confined to any one part of the Body, it flies like lightning from one part of the body to another, and "Delicacy as certainly invites it, as a metallic rod does lightning," the Liver is often affected by this disease, causing all the disorders to which this viscus is liable, Inflammation, and I have not the least doubt, but Spleen and Gall Stones, in the same manner as in the Kidneys, and from one or other of these causes Jaundice is the consequence, there is Nephritis Arthritica, Gonorrhoea Arthritica, why not Hepatitis Arthritica.

### Of the cure.

However desperate the case may appear, when cold, we should endeavour to relieve the astringent, and I shall now treat of the cure of Jaundice from its different causes above enumerated, and

1.<sup>st</sup> When Jaundice arises from inflammation extending from the liver to the duct, as sometimes happens in Hepatitis, the remedia for that disease are to be used. The inflammation, being  
subd.

*[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. The text is arranged in several paragraphs.]*

subdued, the disorder is removed, I will here  
remark that obstructions are most commonly the  
effect of inflammation, but in hot climates,  
disorder of the Liver often precede inflammation.

2<sup>d</sup> From Gall stones, or Biliary Concretion  
the first thing we should endeavour to do, is,  
to expel the gall stones which produce these  
violent symptoms, the impossibility of dissolving  
them is well known, therefore our remedies  
should be such as relieve pain and produce  
a relaxation of the parts, in order that they  
may suffer the Biliary Concretions to enter  
the Duodenum and be convey'd out of the body  
with the feces.

These are

1<sup>o</sup> Bloodletting. If the patient be  
plethoric and inflammatory symptoms attend,  
this may be used to considerable extent. It often  
relieves excruciating pain and relaxes the system  
in a remarkable degree, luxated limbs which  
could not be reduced by any other means,  
have often yielded to the strength of one person  
after copious bleeding, nearly ad. Deliquium animi



14.

On some instances the patient is so much debilitated that we should be cautious how we use it, nevertheless I hold it to be one of our best remedies, we can regulate it according to the state of our patient, we may at the same time administer whatever medicines we may think proper.

2<sup>nd</sup> The Warm Bath. This is also a remedy of the greatest importance. It relaxes the whole system and in patients much debilitated, should never be neglected. Patients may be kept in it until great sickness, almost to fainting, has been induced. Partial application of this remedy may also be used with great advantage, such as bladders of warm water applied over the parts affected, warm fomentations. After the application of these, Emollient Glysters, Opium in a solid form, to prevent its being thrown up by vomiting.

3<sup>rd</sup> Nauseating medicines, such as Antimonials in small doses, frequently repeated. Dover's Powder has been used with advantage.

4<sup>th</sup> Emetics. These have long been employed, with the intention of expelling Gall stones from the Biliary Ducts, and producing



producing a discharge of bile into the Duodenum,  
But when the pain is great, and inflammation  
runs high, they should never be given with the  
intention of inducing vomiting, For they would  
be apt to increase those symptoms.

Should none of those symptoms attend, they  
should be tried in almost every case. They act  
as a nauseating medicine and at the same time  
mechanically. For in the act of vomiting, pressure  
is made on the gall bladder, by the Liver, Intestines,  
and abdominal muscles, By which pressure  
gall stones, are often expelled from that viscus,  
and likewise from the ducts.

5. <sup>or this</sup> Purgatives, after we have tried  
the use of the above mentioned remedies, and often  
before, these should certainly have a trial  
For we well know that purgative medicines  
excite the action of the intestines and adjacent  
parts, during their operation a greater quantity  
of bile is thrown into the Duodenum,

It has been said that if Jaundice arises  
from a chronic affection of the Liver, then  
do harm by bringing on still greater Debility



I think that we may in most cases, venture to try them, If they should do no good and debilitate the patient, we can at once discover it and omit them,

It is also said by some that they are useful when the Bowels are constipated, and should never be used in any other case,

Very well for those practitioners that the Bowels are generally in that state. But if Purgatives act as above mentioned, they certainly would be of service were the Bowels not much constipated.

A Diarrhoea has sometimes been known to carry off the disorder, what would be the effect of an artificial Diarrhoea, in some cases when the debility is not great?

When we trust the cure to purgatives they should be drastic and combined with Calomel; Neutral salts, Soap & Oil are very highly recommended in this disorder. ✓  
 ✓ I think Mercurials of Turpentine, of late has been much recommended in Europe

✓ 6.<sup>th</sup> Riding on Horse back, and other modes of exercise. is never to be neglected when the



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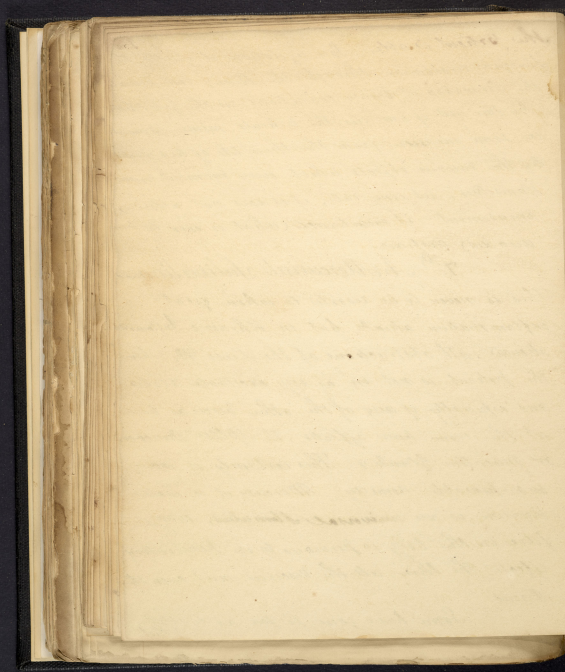
The patient is able, By agitation it assists, the  
sluggish circulation through the Liver, and prevents  
the formation of biliary concretions in the Gall <sup>bladder</sup>.

By this list of remedies the patients mind is diverted  
in some measure from the thoughts of his situation  
by the various objects which every moment present  
themselves, at any rate, if it does not afford  
amusement it counteracts (what is ever to be  
avoided) despair.

### 7.<sup>th</sup> A Mercurial Salivation.

This is never to be resorted to when great  
inflammation abounds, but in Chronic Inflammation  
attended with obstructions of the Liver &c. when  
the patient is not in a very excitable state  
and especially if any of the other viscera be  
at the same time affected, the Spleen, Pancreas  
or Intestinal Glands &c. This certainly is an  
indispensable remedy. Mercury it is well  
known is an universal Stimulus, every  
fibre in the body is pervious to its penetrating  
effects, the Skin, all the Viscera, and even the  
Bones.

Some have gone so far, as to say  
that

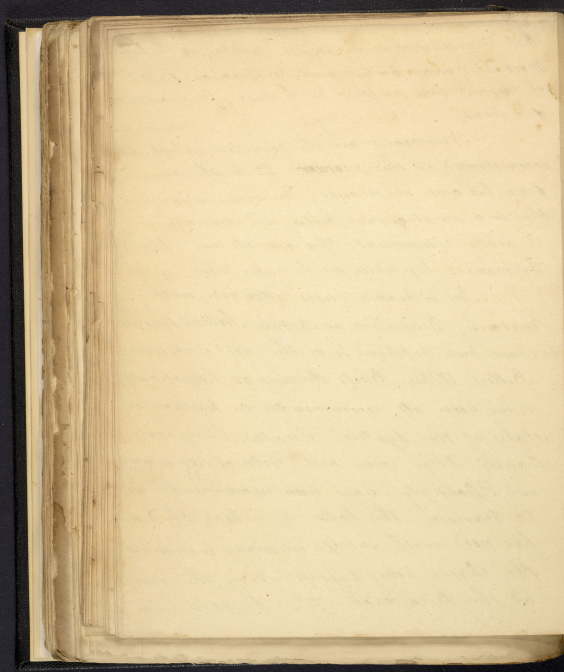


that Mercury has a specific action on the Liver  
Mercury having cleared away obstructions, all  
the organs will perform with ease, their natural  
functions.

Numerous are the remedies, which are  
recommended in this disorder. Dr. Rush recommends  
from his own experience, Taraxicum or Dandelion,  
this is a mucilaginous bitter and diuretic.

Dr. Leake recommends this as well as other  
Saponaceous vegetables, as he calls them.

In Chronic cases attended with  
Anasarca, Diuretics, as Nitre, Saline purges  
It have been supposed to be the best medicines,  
Bitters, Ather, Bark, Riding on horseback,  
have been all recommended in particular  
states of the system: Cicuta, Chalybeate  
waters; Other mixed with Yolk of egg or honey,  
and Electricity have been recommended by  
Dr. Darwin, the latter of which the Doctor  
has used with success in many instances  
the shocks being passed along the course  
of the Bile duct. This I suppose will



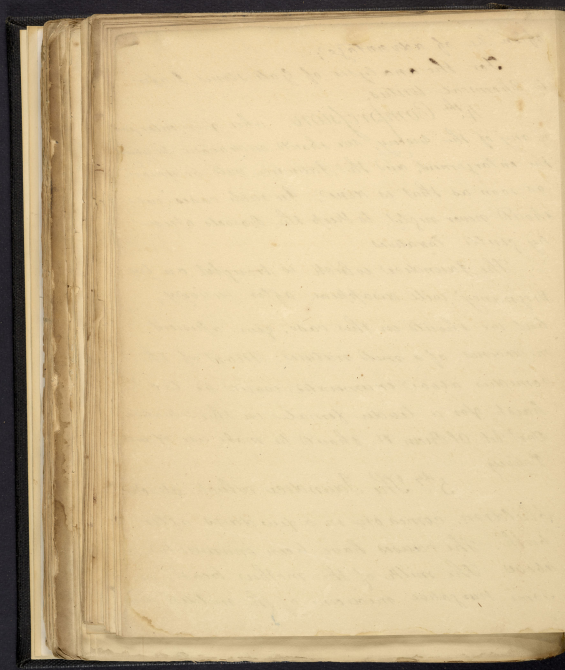
often be of advantage;

For the analysis of Gall stones, I refer to Chemical writings.

4.<sup>th</sup> Compression, when from enlargement of any of the viscus, we should endeavour to remove the enlargement, and the Jaundice will be removed as soon as that is done. In such cases, we should never neglect to keep the Bowels open by gentle laxatives.

The Jaundice which is brought on by Pregnancy, will disappear after delivery; but we should in this case, give aperient medicines, of a mild nature. Most of the remedies above enumerated, would be too harsh for a tender female in this situation. Doct. Wit. Ol. Nucis. &c. should be made use of, with Delicacy.

5.<sup>th</sup> The Jaundice which attacks Children, comes on in a few days after birth. The causes have been enumerated above. The milk of the mother's breast, or some purgative medicine of the mildest kind



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should be used. Emetics of Antimonial  
wine &c. are often used with the greatest advantage.

Should there be an imperforation, into  
the Duodenum, Death must be the inevitable  
consequence.

Those persons who are subject to  
Jaundice, should live chiefly on vegetable  
food. Milt & Ripe fruits which will not  
produce flatulency. Exercise should never  
be neglected, but Distill'd & fermented liquors  
should carefully be avoided.

In the administration of the above  
mentioned remedies, regard should always  
be paid to the age, Constitution & Strength  
of the patient. *Memoria semper tenae oportet,  
non nominis morbi solum, neque sane generalis  
ejus natura, rationem esse habendam, sed  
multas vel minutissimas saepe res esse respiciendas,  
tum quae ad morbi originem et causas, et  
indiciorum varietatem et conjunctionem;  
tum quae ad acri statum et vires, et peculiarem  
fortasse corporis constitutionem, attinent.*

